

# BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY BOUTELLE & BURR. (MISCELLANEOUS)

BANGOR, ME., WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 25, 1891.

VOL. LVIII--NUMBER 72.



But few words are needed to tell this tale. Two apparently perfect beings are brought together for life. They are surrounded with all that wealth can purchase. Every blessing has been showered upon them, save one that they could not have and cheerfully would they relinquish all for that blessing—a little child.

Strength is often the result of carelessness, or, to put it stronger, ignorance. Nine out of ten cases are avoidable, if treated understandingly. The action of the Vegetable Compound in this direction has been phenomenal, and many a home, once desolate, has now "a baby."

Send stamp for "Guide to Health," a beautiful illustrated book.

**LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND**  
Is the only Patent Cure for Legitimate Remedies.  
It cures the worst forms of Female Complaints, that bearing down Feeding, Weak Back, Falling and Displacement of the womb, Inflammation, Swelling, &c., of the Uterus, & all Diseases of the Change of Life. It cures and expels Tumors from the Lungs at an early stage, and checks any tendency to Cancerous Humor, Colds, Fevers, &c., & all Diseases of the Liver, Stomach, & Bowels. It cures Diabetes, Jaundice, & all Diseases of the Kidneys. It cures & purges the whole system. For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex, send stamp for "Kidney Remedy." All Druggists sell it as a standard article, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of \$1.00.

FOR LATEST DISPATCHES SEE THIRD PAGE.

## SWIFT VENGEANCE

Visited Upon Governor Ram after for Terrible Cruelty.

## WATER POURING THROUGH.

Destructive Floods in Progress in Louisiana.

Many People Moving to High Ground for Safety.

New Orleans, March 24. Water is now pouring through the crevasses in over a dozen parishes of Louisiana.

The flood will probably prove as destructive as those of last year.

The extent of damage will not be felt for two or four weeks, as the great basin into which the water flows fills up slowly; but as the inflow cannot be checked until the river falls within its banks, which is not expected until April, and as the water continues to rise, it is only a question of time when the basin will be full and the plantations will be submerged by the back water.

Many people are moving to higher ground for safety.

## UNION PETES.

Branch Show Opened at Lynn.

LINN, Mass., March 24. The branch show of the Massachusetts Union Pete's Club was opened yesterday evening. There are 350 sets shown, among them being the \$7,000 set. Herman Sir Bedivere, owned by E. B. Sears.

## BIG OVER PRODUCTION.

The Sugar Trust has On Its Hands.

NEW YORK, March 21. The Herald says the sugar trust has a big over-production on its hands.

On April 1st the price of granulated sugar will drop from 31 to 34 cents per pound because of the change in the tariff. In order to save themselves from loss we informed the trust not to sell sugar to the importers to Glasgow and thus secure the drawback of 2½ cents per pound which the government allows for exported sugar.

The popular opinion is that these sugar will be sent right back here again to be sold in this market at the April price.

## FIRST FIGHT.

Between Venezuelans and English.

NEW YORK, March 24. A cable dispatch from Puerto Cabello says that the first fight between the Venezuelans and English on the frontier of British Guiana has occurred.

## LABOR TROUBLES.

Lengthy Appeal for Aid.

FALL RIVER, Mass., March 24. Secretary Connelly, of the Weavers' Association, has issued a lengthy appeal on behalf of the striking workers of Fall River.

The strike is still on, though there is no sign of a settlement.

The strike has received assurances from Boston that the union in that city is in sympathy with them.

## THREE BAD HOLDS.

Three Bad Holds.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., March 24. The steamer Hercules, which floated yesterday at this port this forenoon under her own steam with four steam wrecking pumps on board, has three bad holes in her and will probably go on Fair Haven Railway for repairs.

## CAPITAL PARTLY IMPAIRED.

Atmosphere of the Washington National Bank.

NEW YORK, March 24. The Washington National Bank, whose failure was announced yesterday, is in the hands of the Comptroller of the Currency. The affair will be liquidated under the direction of the Comptroller of the Currency.

Director Higginson said this afternoon that the capital stock of the Washington National Bank was \$300,000, has been loaned to the extent of about \$100,000, on account of loans made by President Sherman. He said the depositors would be paid in full, and that the only persons to lose would be the stockholders.

The amount of the stockholders' deposits of the bank amount to about \$700,000.

## K DANGEROUS TO HUMAN LIFE.

Courts' Verdict in Case of KIDNEY.

PORTRAIT, N. H., March 24. The coroner's inquest to determine the cause of death of George S. Handin, who was killed on Friday last by being struck by an engine at the Boston & Maine station, rendered a verdict yesterday that he was not prosecuted by Mr. O'Brien Dalton, says he will not prosecute his assailant. "I freely forgive him," added, "for he has done good work for his country." The case is going to be tried by the government.

## CONNECTICUT.

Gov. Bulwer's Trial to His Seat.

HARTFORD, Conn., March 24. The Senate met at noon but took a recess immediately after prayer till 1:30 p. m. in the meantime the Democrats are in caucus to nominate Seymour for the Superior Court. It is probable that they will unite on the latter measure but they will receive little or no Republican support.

Austin Bradford, executive secretary of Gov. Bulwer's, will institute proceedings against Comptroller Stanis for the payment of his salary. The writ will be returned to the Superior Court on the first Tuesday of April.

It will bring the question of Gov. Bulwer's title clearly before the courts. No further steps have been taken by the comptroller in the matter of closing the door from the executive apartments to the house of the depot, at which trains enter and pass through the depot is dangerous to human life.

## GEO. F. MARSHALL.

Business Items.

Mr. Bulwer's Trial to His Seat.

HARTFORD, Conn., March 24. The Senate met at noon but took a recess immediately after prayer till 1:30 p. m. in the meantime the Democrats are in caucus to nominate Seymour for the Superior Court. It is probable that they will unite on the latter measure but they will receive little or no Republican support.

Austin Bradford, executive secretary of Gov. Bulwer's, will institute proceedings against Comptroller Stanis for the payment of his salary. The writ will be returned to the Superior Court on the first Tuesday of April.

It will bring the question of Gov. Bulwer's title clearly before the courts. No further steps have been taken by the comptroller in the matter of closing the door from the executive apartments to the house of the depot, at which trains enter and pass through the depot is dangerous to human life.

## HE IS IN NO BURRY.

Ex-Senator Blair Takes a Chinese Mission.

NEW YORK, March 24. Ex-Senator Blair, recently appointed Minister to China, was at the Fifth Avenue Hotel yesterday. He said he had in probability accepted the post, and will probably accept the position which President Harrison had offered him.

"There is no pressing need of my services and if I go it will not be for six weeks or two months."

"Mr. Blair said at the possibilities of representing the two Senators who will now represent New Hampshire. They have now on hand of about 20 years standing, he said, and perhaps they will find, when they come to Washington, that some of their business they can do better if they locate here."

## IN THIS LAST HURTING PLACE.

Last Days Over the Remains of Lawrence Garrison.

GARRISON, Mass., March 24. The last days over the remains of Lawrence Garrison, the actor, were held at St. Anthony's church this morning. The services were very simple. Garrison's body was dressed in a suit of black, with a white collar, this being his usual dress. Garrison's coffin was covered with a black shroud. Garrison followed by members of the Garrison family, and friends, was interred in the cemetery of the Garrison family.

"I have several odds and ends of business in Washington that must be attended to," he said, "but I shall accept the position probably." There is no vacancy in the ministry. Mr. Derby, the Democratic apologist, is a member, and is satisfactorily holding his position.

"There is no pressing need of my services and if I go it will not be for six weeks or two months."

"Mr. Blair said at the possibilities of

representing the two Senators

who will now represent New Hampshire.

They have now on hand of about 20 years

standing, he said, and perhaps they will

find, when they come to Washington,

that some of their business they can do better if they locate here."

## Young Responsibility.

## Do You Wear Pants?

If you do, be sure and attend the Largest Pant Sale ever taken place in Bangor.

100 Different Styles

now exhibited in our large show window, but these are only a small part of the numerous styles in store.

We will Sell a Good Style At

Wool Pant \$1.50-\$3.00

## BREWERY LOCALS.

Mr. E. A. Skinner leaves this morning for a short trip to Sanderville, Mass.

Rev. C. M. Perry, of the South Brewer church, has tendered his resignation, to take effect the first of May.

Miss Katie Ladd, of Foxcroft, who has been spending a few days with friends in this city, has returned home.

Mr. C. O. Farrington was out again yesterday and at the store, although still suffering from a very severe cold.

The South Brewer Chapel Society have postponed their meeting which was appointed for to-morrow evening, one week.

Mr. Herbert Archer, who has been quite seriously ill for a number of weeks, was released yesterday for the first time.

Alderman Bennett, who has been confined to the house for nearly a week with a very bad cold, was able to be out again yesterday.

South Brewer is bound to be abreast of other parts of our city in growth and three houses are in process of building near F. W. Ayer & Co.'s mill.

Mr. J. N. Lane has gone to Winter Harbor, where he is to remain some time superintending the building of a house and several cottages which he is to build there.

The many friends of Mrs. Sarah P. Ryer, who has been seriously ill at her home on Holyoke street, will be glad to learn that there was some improvement in her condition yesterday.

Men were at work yesterday about the sows of the Smith Plating Mill company, which froze into the ice last fall, cutting them out that they may not be carried away when the ice goes out.

The grand jury, he says, is now in session and he assumes that that body has been called to order.

It has been so cold during the winter that the ice on the Bon Ton, which formed when the boat was running in the late fall, has not melted, but is still there, something which has not happened for years.

The crew of riggers were at work yesterday on the engine and boiler feed.

The crew of the vessel, which is to be towed to the front door of a hotel, will be glad to learn that the vessel has been disposed of to Mr. Hanson, having disposed of his interest to Dr. Walker, will erect another for himself. Dr. Hanson and his wife, Mrs. Cynthia, also propose putting up cottages.

There were collected at the Houston custom house, in duties on potatoes, for the week ending March 14, the sum of one thousand dollars.

Mr. W. W. Collier has made arrangements with Mr. W. M. Mrs. John Murray to take charge of his hotel at Bridgewater Corner. They have already moved in.

An overcoat was stolen from the hallway of a Fred street, Portland, boarding house the other day. Patrolmen, Sullivans and others, are looking for the thief and arrested William Dwyer for the same.

He was sentenced to the county jail for thirty days.

Some time ago several fires were started in buildings and houses in the neighborhood of the Lanes, and the police are investigating.

Mr. C. H. Hill, Superintendent of North Camp Ground, is interesting himself in the effort to end the making of a sawmill on the land.

He is trying to ascertain who will take the water.

The town of Houston people all went swimming at St. Andrew's Island the coming season. The Beacon learns that Mr. Monson, having disposed of his interest to Dr. Walker, will erect another for himself.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murray, of Houston, are planning to open a hotel there.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murray, of Houston, are planning to open a hotel there.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murray, of Houston, are planning to open a hotel there.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murray, of Houston, are planning to open a hotel there.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murray, of Houston, are planning to open a hotel there.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murray, of Houston, are planning to open a hotel there.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murray, of Houston, are planning to open a hotel there.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murray, of Houston, are planning to open a hotel there.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murray, of Houston, are planning to open a hotel there.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murray, of Houston, are planning to open a hotel there.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murray, of Houston, are planning to open a hotel there.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murray, of Houston, are planning to open a hotel there.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murray, of Houston, are planning to open a hotel there.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murray, of Houston, are planning to open a hotel there.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murray, of Houston, are planning to open a hotel there.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murray, of Houston, are planning to open a hotel there.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murray, of Houston, are planning to open a hotel there.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murray, of Houston, are planning to open a hotel there.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murray, of Houston, are planning to open a hotel there.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murray, of Houston, are planning to open a hotel there.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murray, of Houston, are planning to open a hotel there.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murray, of Houston, are planning to open a hotel there.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murray, of Houston, are planning to open a hotel there.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murray, of Houston, are planning to open a hotel there.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murray, of Houston, are planning to open a hotel there.

# Sacred and Courier. The Annual Sale of Pews

BOUTELLE & BURR, PROPRIETORS.

C. A. BOUTELLE, EDITOR.

All business letters should be addressed to Boutelle & Burr, and communications intended for publication should be addressed: "Editor of the Sacred and Courier."

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 25, 1891

A Fusion Victory and Republican Defeat.

One of the most damaging blows ever given to the solidarity and majority control of the Republican party of Maine was administered yesterday at the State Capital, when a Republican minority joined hands with the solid Democratic vote of the House in defeating the emphatically expressed judgment of a large Republican majority of the Legislature, by the passage of a ballot law distinctly endorsed as a Democratic cause measure.

On the full vote in the House, when it was first taken upon the Australian ballot bill there were thirty-one Republicans and forty Democratic votes in its favor, and seventy-four Republican votes against it.

The measure endorsed by the Democratic caucus and supported by the unanimous vote of the Democratic "reformers" of the Legislature was repudiated by a Republican majority of forty-three. With the changes caused by absence and the winning over of a few more Republican votes to the coalition, the final vote to the House yesterday was made up of thirty-six Democrats and forty Republicans in favor of the bill and sixty Republicans against it, showing still a Republican majority of twenty against the measure.

The Democrats are therefore fully entitled to all the honors that belong to a small minority that has succeeded in taking control of a Legislature having an overwhelming Republican majority, and securing the passage of the only measure specifically championed by the Democratic party caucus.

A more striking contrast could be presented than that between the upholding of Republican control by the small Republican majority in the National House of Representatives, and the Republican reinforcement of the Democrats to defeat the large Republican majority in the Maine Legislature.

When Congress assembled in December 1889, the Republicans could count upon not more than three majority in the House of more than three hundred members, and the Democrats freely boasted that no Republican legislation should be enacted. By standing in solid phalanx week after week and month after month, the Republican Representatives of the 51st Congress, under the lead of the indomitable Maine Speaker, set Democratic boasting and filibustering to flight, and in spite of the most desperate opposition ever encountered, unfalteringly went forward in the work of redeeming every important pledge of the Republican party. The Maine Legislature met in January last with thirty-two Republican majority on joint ballot, and before its adjournment the solid Democratic column has succeeded in obtaining sufficient Republican assistance to defeat the Republican majority upon a measure revolutionizing the election system of the State.

We were proud to stand with the Republican majority against the Democratic obstructiveness in Congress, and we are proud to stand with the Republican majority in the Maine Legislature against a fusion alliance that has recorded the defiance of the Democratic caucus.

Our views upon the merits of the hasty and probably unwise legislation which has been rushed through the Legislature, to displace the time-tested laws that guard the franchises of the people, have been frankly expressed, and we have no desire to qualify a word of our disapproval of the entire system that is to be thrust unasked upon the people.

It was believed that the substitution of secret and surreptitious methods in place of open political action could be permanently tolerated by the people, we should lose faith in popular government. We shall continue to believe that the true safety of our institutions lies in affording the fullest protection and encouragement for the intelligent, independent and manly exercise of every political right by every loyal citizen in every part of the land; and that this can be brought about only by the freest and most candid discussion and the most frank and open methods of political action.

From daylight to darkness, from honorable and open expression of the will of communities to secret convenience and incentives to deception, we believe to be the wrong kind of progress for a self-governing people, and those of Maine will not be long in discovering the fact.

This Australian scheme has had a mugwump paternity in every State where it is established and in most of them it has been adopted by Democratic majorities. Many of the unsophisticated Republicans who have insisted upon seeing "nothing partisan" in this measure think that the solid Democratic membership of the Legislature did not understand what kind of business they have been about, they will be likely to know more before a great while. If there are any Republicans in the Legislature or out of it wide awake enough to know what the Democrats are about, who have still been sailing through cowardice or for any purpose of their own to help forward a movement that the enemy have so eagerly favored, we leave them to make peace with themselves.

To the sturdy, unflinching and unanswerable opposition which the Republicans in the Legislature have declared against this condition scheme, we tender our warmest acknowledgements and confidently assure them of the lasting gratitude of the Republican majority of Maine.

**Insane Hospital.**

We regret the action of the House in referring the matter of an appropriation for the Eastern Maine Insane Hospital to the next Legislature. The public need of such an institution has been so freely admitted all over the State that we had not supposed there was any question as to the purpose of the Legislature to appropriate funds for the building. To let the matter go over for two years will indefinitely delay work that should begin this season.

The question has yet to come before the Senate and we trust that body will make an appropriation and that the House will reconsider its previous action.

**Special Notices.**

M. M. R. & C.

SPECIAL CONVENTION, M. M. R. & C. WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 25, 1891.

The T. G. STICKNEY is required.

For Officers.

CONFERRING, M. M. R. & C.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 26, 1862.

EDITORIAL DISPATCHES SEE FIRST PAGE.

3V - 1172.25

## MAINE NEWS.

## FUSION TRIUMPH

Democratic-Republican Combine

Pass the Ballot Bill \*

By a Vote of 36 Democrats and 40

Republicans Against 60

Republicans.

A Republican Majority of 20

Against the Bill, but

Fusion Wins.

Action of the House on the Hos-

pital Question.

It is Hoped that the Vote May Be

Reconsidered.

The Senate Should Make an Ap-

propriation.

Special Correspondence of Whig and Courier |

AUGUSTA, March 24. To-day for the

third time the ballot bill has been consider-

ed by the House, and by means of every

influence which could be brought to bear

on the members the bill has passed that

branch.

At 11 o'clock Mr. Clason called up the

ballot bill and moved that the House re-

call and concur with the Senate.

Mr. Stearns then addressed the mem-

bers in opposition to the bill. He spoke

of the influence and pressure brought to

bear on members and hoped that the 74

good and true men would stand by their

convictions. He said that intimidation

beyond all his experience had been resort-

to in order to compel members to vote for the

bill.

He again discussed the bill on its merits

and said it was not adapted to our peo-

ple nor demanded by them. Judge

Searns paid his respects to the Kennebec

Journal for the base slander it published

accusing the members who opposed this

bill, and referred to the active part the

Governor has taken in lobbying with the

members in the interest of the measure.

Not only had he declared to the Whig

representative that he should not use his

influence in behalf of the bill, but to the

Chairman of the Committee on Binding

and Pinting and the Chairman of the

Judiciary Committee. This course the

speaker thought was indignified on the

part of the Chief Executive. His attempt

to influence members was an unwarranted

attempt to influence the action of the

Supreme Court. Judge Stearns spoke

with great eloquence and held the close

Attention of His Hearers.

He was followed by Representative Har-

rington who deprecated this effort to rail-

road this measure through the Legisla-

ture. The people did not understand its

provisions and when it had been explained

to them they were strongly opposed to it.

There was no demand for the law and he

advocated delay until the people had ex-

plained themselves as in favor of it.

Mr. Porter said he had been waiting to

hear some friend of the bill speak in its

favor, but thought they were wise in their

generation. No man could tell what this

bill meant. It was not the original Aus-

tralian bill and the intent of the law was past

telling out. He could speak for the

Fourth Congressional District and said they

did not want this change.

It might be good policy for the minority

of the Republicans to unite with the Demo-

crats in forcing this law upon the State,

but he did not believe it was.

Representative Peaks spoke, renewing

his remarks against the measure and alluded

in forcible language to the Governor's attitude and the criticisms of the

Kennebec Journal, and said that for all

the work he had done to help elect Gov.

Burleigh he is now told that he belongs to

the element of the party which disgraces

and discredits it.

Mr. Peaks made an excellent speech

against the measure, thoroughly exposing

the illogical and inconsistent course of its

advocates. He spoke with much feeling

and was given the marked attention of the

House.

The Vote.

When the vote was taken on the motion

to recede and concur with the Senate in

the adoption of the majority report the

yeas and nays were ordered and resulted

66 yeas to 60 nays, as follows:

Yea—Allen of Denmark, Archibald, Brack-

ett, Bucknam, Burgess, Callahan, Chad-

louine, Clark, Clason, Cote, Couvad, Da-

vis, Denison, Dickey of Lewiston, Eastman,

Irvin, Farrand, Fuller, Gammon, Gentle-

man, Glidden of Newcastle, Glad-

win of Vinalhaven, Graves, Gray, Goffill,

Gushie, Ham of Lisbon, Herrick, Hill, Hiscock,

Jones of Athens, Kaler, Kegan, Kendall, Lamb, Libby of

Bingham, Libby of Standish, Littlefield,

Marston, Martin, Maxim, Merrill of Ed-

dington, Miller, Morse, Monroe, Morse,

Mullen, Nelson, Neall, Nickerson, Noble,

Orrell, Osgood, Payson, Penley, Ricker,

Ross, Savage, Seelye, Shaw of Bath, Shaw

of Portland, Smith of Portland, Smith of

Turner, Stone, Thayer, Tilton, Titcomb,

Totman, Tracy, Vaughan, Waterhouse,

Weeks, White, Whittlesey—76.

The Democrats are printed in Italics.

Nays—Adams, Allen of Presque Isle,

Bradford, Bracken, Brown, Coddige,

Crocker, Cummings, Davis of Saco,

Farrand, Farnsworth, French, Goffill,

Gould, Gossard, Gossard, Gossard, Gossard,

Harrington, Harrington, Harrington, Harrington,

## The Republicans Make a Clean Sweep.

The New City Starts in with an Excellent Record.

The Atkinson House will furnish the City Hall stage for the Seminary students at their concert next Friday evening.

The reports presented at the Woman's Crusade anniversary Sunday evening will be found on the fourth page of this morning's issue.

A number of young men, are talking up a canoe club. The suggestion to call it the Tippicanoe Canoe Club is meeting with much favor.

Regular business meeting of the Crusade this afternoon at half-past two o'clock. Prayer meeting, to which all are cordially invited, at four. Held in the Crusade parlors on Franklin street.

Mr. M. H. Andrews will give his closing dancing matinee at his hall next Friday afternoon at four o'clock, and there will doubtless be a large attendance as those events are always very pleasant.

The

King's

Daughters

Union

will

hold

an

adjourned

meeting

this

afternoon

at

2

30,

at

the

Columbia

street

Baptist

church

vestry,

and

it

is

desired

that

all

who

desire

to

be

such

shall

attend.

Our

Orono

correspondent writes

The

young

ladies

connected

with

the

Orono

Methodist

society

will

give

an

entertain-

ment

at

Maye's

Hall,

Wednesday

evening

April

1st,

called

the

"Animated

Library"

sociable

The

subject

it

is

said,

furnishes

a

very

enjoyable

entertainment.

Refresh-

ments

will

be

on

sale.

Business

is

hurting

at

the

Hinckley

and

Egery

Iron

Works.

They

have

just

shipped

one

of

their

rotary

bed

planers

to

W.

H.

Clark

of

Caratunk

and

will

to

day

to

the

Veazie

Lumber

Company

a

gang

edger

which

they

have

made

for

them.

They

are

also

finishing

a

cylinder

for

one

of

the

bark

boats

belonging

to

the

Shaw

tanneries

in

the

city

of

Falmouth.

The

term

at

Colby

University

has

closed

and

most

of

the

students

have

gone

to

their

homes

for

the

short

vacation.

The

term

at

the

University

of

Maine

has

closed

and

most

of

the

students

have

gone

to

their

homes

for

the

short

vacation.

The

term

at

the

University

of

Maine

has

closed

and

most

of

the

students

have

gone

to

their

homes

for

the

short

vacation.

The

term

at

the

University

of

Maine

has

closed

and

most

of

the

students

have

gone

to

their

homes

for

the

short

vacation.

The

term

at

the

University

of

Maine

has

closed

## MISERY--HAPPINESS. A Story Which Will Interest Thousands.

By HENRY R. ELLIOT.

(Copyright by American Press Association.)

### CHAPTER XVI. A BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY.

Happiness and misery are measured by the stomach, not the heart. Did you ever think of this?

The happy person is the one who eats well.

The miserable person is the one who cannot eat.

No appetite, but a desire for food.

Did you ever know a good-natured, temperate, and kindly person who was always cheerful, optimistic, and gay? The miserable, cross, discontented, depressed is always looking upon the dark side of everything, and allowing trifles to irritate and annoy them?

For good, wholesome, geniality, for good health, and enjoyment of the world, for good health, and enjoyment of life, all that makes life worth living look to the person who eats well and has a good digestion and assimilation.

The human body, notwithstanding its intricacy, is a machine, and if any of its organs are out of order the system goes wrong.

### GOOD HEALTH MEANS GOOD DIGESTION.

"Good digestion waits on appetite, And health on both."

You, therefore, who suffer from spring debility, loss of appetite, indigestion and dyspepsia, who cannot eat because you are weak, who have no relish for gas, flatulence, distaste, or loathing, who have indigestion and are liable to dizzy, dull

headaches, and are liable to fits of nausea, are

surely not the ones who eat well.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.

Would fat but fears the food will distress him.